INJECTION (SUBCUTANEOUS)

PURPOSE:

To inject a small quantity of medication under the skin.

EQUIPMENT:

- 1. Sterile syringe.
- 2. Sterile needle, 24 to 28 gauge, 3/8 to 5/8 inch.
- 3. Antiseptic sponges.
- 4. Correct medication and dosage.
- 5. Sharps container.

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Select site of administration, rotating sites to prevent unnecessary trauma and to aid in absorption.
- 2. Preferred sites for injection include dorsolateral aspect of the arm, three to five inches above the elbow; the abdomen, excluding the area one inch in diameter around the umbilicus and the belt line; the anterior and lateral thighs, approximately three inches above the knee.
- 3. Place the resident in a safe and comfortable position, compatible with the resident's physical condition.
- 4. WHEN ADMINISTERING HEPARIN OR INSULIN, FOLLOW LISTING OF COMMON INJECTION SITES AND ROTATE SITES.
- 5. Medications that are injected slowly will absorb more effectively and cause less discomfort. Before giving any new medication, assess for any resident allergies.
- 6. Inform the resident you are ready to give the injection and cleanse site using friction; allow to dry.
- 7. Expel air from syringe. Accumulate a well-defined roll of skin with thumb and index finger and insert needle to its full length at a 45- to 90-degree angle, depending on the amount of tissue available.
- 8. Aspirate by pulling back on plunger gently. If blood appears, withdraw needle, discard, prepare another dose of medication and choose another site.
- 9. Inject medication slowly and remove needle quickly and gently at same angle used for insertion.
- 10. Apply pressure to the injection site with an antiseptic wipe; massage the site gently with a circular motion to enhance absorption, unless contraindicated.
- 11. Assess the area for bleeding.
- 12. Discard uncapped syringe in sharps container.
- 13. Leave resident in comfortable position with call light within reach.

WHEN ADMINISTERING HEPARIN SUBCUTANEOUSLY, FOLLOW THE ROUTINE PROCEDURE WITH THE FOLLOWING EXCEPTIONS:

- 1. Do not aspirate the needle placement as this can cause tissue damage and hematoma formation.
- 2. The abdomen is the preferred site for heparin administration.
- 3. The injection should not be made within two inches of the umbilicus or a scar.
- 4. Never inject heparin into an ecchymotic area.